



# education

Department:  
Education  
North West Provincial Government  
**REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA**

## PROVINCIAL ASSESSMENT UVIWO LWEPHONDO

**IBANGA 12**

ISIXHOSA ULWIMI LWASEKHAYA  
IPHEPHA LOKUQALA (P1)  
EYESILIMELA 2024

AMANQAKU: 70

IXESHA: 2 IIYURE

Olu viwo lunamaphepha ali-12

## 1. Eli phepha lemibuzo LINAMACANDELO AMATHATHU:

- ICANDELO A: Isicatshulwa. (30)  
ICANDELO B: Ushwankathelo. (10)  
ICANDELO C: Izakhi nemigaqo yokusetyenziswa kolwimi. (30)

2. Funda YONKE imiyalelo ngocoselelo.
3. Phendula YONKE imibuzo.
4. Qala ICANDELO NGALINYE kwiphepha ELITSHA.
5. Krwela umgca ekupheleni KWECANDELO NGALINYE.
6. Nombola iimpendulo ngokuchanekileyo ngokwendlela ekunonjolwe ngayo kwiphepha lemibuzo.
7. Shiya umgca emva kwempendulo NGANYE.
8. Qwalasela ngokukodwa upelo nolwakhiwo Iwezivakalisi.
9. Lingcebiso malunga nolwabiwo Iwexesha:  
ICANDELO A: Imizuzu engama-50  
ICANDELO B: Imizuzu engama-30  
ICANDELO C: Imizuzu engama-40

**UMBUZO 1: UVAVANYO LOKUQONDA****UMBUZO 1: UKUFUNDELA INTSINGISELO NOKUQONDA**

Funda IZICATSHULWA A no B ezingezantsi uze uphendule imibuzo esekwe kuzo.

**ISICATSHULWA A**

- MANENEKAZI, MANYANANI! UBUNYE BAMANENEKAZI BUNGA- MANDLA!**  
**UMZI KWINEKEZI UYINTOLONGO! MAKUKHULULEKWE!**  
 La ngamazwi athe kulo lonke ihlabathi ashunyayelwa ngabasetyhini abatsha ziintambo kukufuna inkululeko kwigunya lendoda. Mhlawumbi ungomnye wala manenekazi, okanye uneyakho indlela ovakalelwa ngayo ngale nkululeko ifunwayo.
- Kule mihla ibhinqa linokuba ngumlimi, linokuba ngusomajukujuku, linokuba ngumfundisi, linokuba ngumpolitiki. Ewe, ibhinqa leminyaka yoo-1990 lingabonwa nakowuphi na umsebenzi, kunjalonje kungabikho mntu uthe nqa yiloo nto, kodwa kwakungasoloko kunjalo. Abafazi bafumaneka kwezona zikhundla ziphakamileyo zobupolitika kumazwe amaninzi. Amanye amazwe abalaseleyo ehlabathi – i-Indiya, elakwaSirayeli nelaseBhritani, xa sendisenza umzekelo – kutshanje ebekhokelwa ngabantu basetyhini. Simele sivume ukuba uninzi lweenguqu ezibangelwe ngumbutho wenkululeko yabafazi zibe luncedo kokubini kumabhinja nakumadoda. Ehlabathini jikelele kuye kwakho intswela-bulungisa kwindlela abaye baphathwa ngayo abantu ababhinqileyo. Ngenene kuyinto entle ukuba abafazi bangabukulwa ngokucalulwa kwiindawo zemisebenzi, okanye naphi na. Abantu basetyhini abanakuphathwa ngokungathi abangobantu njengamadoda bona kwiminqweno yabo nakwimfuneko yokuba banconye ngezinto abazenzayo.
- Imigudu yokufuna inkululeko yomntu wasetyhini ayizanga neentsikelelo kuphela. Kukho abathe bazibuza ukuba akungebi na kanti eminye yemigudu yokufuna inkululeko yomntu wasetyhini seyigabadele? Bona ngokwabo abafazi abathile baye bacinga nzulu ngengozi yokufuna ukukhululeka kwigunya lendoda. Khawucinge ngale migudu igabadeleyo ilandelayo yabafazi abafuna ukukhululeka ‘kubukhoboka basekhitshini’. Abafazi abalwela amalungelo abo bathi, ukuze ube ukhululekile ngokwenene umfazi ufanele abe negunya elipheleleyo ngomzimba wakhe, kuquka negunya lokusitshabalalisa isisu asithweleyo xa engasifuni. Lo mnqweno wabo ‘wokufana namadoda’ ekuzaleni ube yenze yezinto ezibangele ukwanda kokuqhomfa. Nkqu neBhayibhile ayisindanga kwingqumbo yabalwela amalungelo abafazi. Bambi abalwela amalungelo wabafazi bayityhola iBhayibhile ngokuthi isesesona sixhobo sinamandla sokubagcina ‘endaweni yabo’ abafazi, kwaye bayayithandabuza ukuba into esetyenziswa ngaloo ndlela inokuba liLizwi likaThixo.
- Cinga ngeziphumo eziye zabakho zokunkqangaza ukuba makukululekwe ngabafazi kwigunya lendoda. Intloba ezithile zomhlaza zazifudula zihlasela kakhulu amadoda kunabafazi ngenxa yomkhwa wawo wokutshaya nokusela. Kodwa ekubeni ngoku abafazi emazweni amaninzi beye bakhululeka kwiminyaka yakutsha nje, baze baziva bekhululekile ukuba nabo batshaye, basele kanye njengamadoda, umhlaza uye wamninzi kakhulu ebafazini. Kwowu! Kokungakanani oku ukuzimisela–ukuba umntu angade akufele kangako

ukukhululeka endoden? Abafazi abathe balusabela ubizo lokuba baphume 'ebukhobokeni' bemizi yabo baye baqhawukelwa yimitshato, latsho lantinga inani lemitshato eqhawulwayo mihla le. Ngaphandle koko, baye besanda oomama abaphangela ngokupheleleyo, suka bazifumane bentsitsitheka phantsi kwemithwalo emibini yemisebenzi ejonge bona yonke - owasekhaya nowasempangelweni.

5. Imeko yaphaya emsebenzini wempangelo ayimyeki ingamchukeli umfazi. Abanye abayithandi intlebendwane esisonka semihla ngemihla emsebenzini, abaluthandi uchuku lwase-ofisini, abaluthandi ukhuphiswano olulapho nokungathembeki okwenziwa ngabanye. Wambi amabhinqa aye azizisulu zokufunwa isondo emsebenzini, ekhathazwa ngamadoda asebenza nawo okanye ngabaqeshi ngokwabo. Abafazi abaninzi abaphangelayo bayivuma ngokuphandle inyaniso yokuba ukufunw' isondo emsebenzini kuyingxaki enkulu. Bathi wofika beqotyelw'iliso ngamadoda, bedlaliswa ngokutswetywa, kuzikhuhlwa kubo ngokungeyomfuneko, basongelwe nangokugxothwa ngabaqeshi babo ukuba abavumi nesondo.
6. Enye ingxaki yabafazi abaphangelayo kukuba umsebenzi ubaqoba badinwe babe yiqhiya. Kanti ungacingi ukuba ukuthwala kwabo omnye umsebenzi wangaphandle phaya empangelweni phezu kwalo wasendlwini kubenza abayeni babo bancedise kwimisebenzi yomfazi yasendlwini ngenxa yokuba naye umfazi ngoku uyaphangela. Ukuqobeka komfazi ngale ndlela kunokuzala lukhulu ukuba uqhubeka ewuthwala yedwa loo mthwalo ixesha elide. Abafazi abazamileyo ukukwenza oku bayivuma ngokuphandle inyaniso yokuba umsebenzi wasekhayeni ugqibela uyekiwe nje kwaphela. Xa ungumzali kufuneka ukuba ungaphangeleliabantwana bakho nje kuphela, kukwafuneka ube nexesha elaneleyo lokuba Kunye nabo. Oomama abap hanelayo ke bazithethelela ngelithi okubalulekileyo asibobude bexesha olichitha ukunye nabantwana koko zizinto ozenza Kunye nabo kwelo xeshana ulifumeneyo lokuba Kunye nabo ekhayeni.
7. Akuthandeki ukubona abafazi becinezelwa, kodwa ke amadoda nabafazi abamele babe selugqatsweni. Omnye uvala indawo ethile kubomi bomnye.

[Sicatshulwe kwincwadi ethi *RHWEBA UBULUMKO*, ebhalwe ngu O.S. Dzingwa, amaphepha 59–63, saze sahlelwa]

**ISICATSHULWA B:**

[Sicatshulwe kwi-intanethi [www.googlesearch.com](http://www.googlesearch.com)]

**IMIBUZO: ISICATSHULWA A****Jonga kumhlathi woku-1**

- 1.1 Chonga ibinzana elikwathetha okufanayo noku “ukungxamela into kakhulu.” (1)
- 1.2 Lizisa ntsingiselo ni igama ‘intolongo’ ngokomxholo wesicatshulwa? (1)

**Jonga kumhlathi wesi-2**

- 1.3 Xela izinto zibe-2 anokuba zizo umntu olibhinqa kule mihla ngokwalo mhlathi. (2)
- 1.4 Ngqina ngokwesicatshulwa ukuba abantu basetyhini banaso isakhono sokukhokela ilizwe. (1)

**Jonga umhlathi wesi-3**

- 1.5 Kutheni abanye abafazi benegqumbo ngeBhayibhile? (1)
- 1.6 Ingaba imigudu yokufuna inkululeko yomntu wasetyhini ize neentsikelelo kuphela? Xhasa ngokwesicatshulwa (1)
- 1.7 Caphula isivakalisi esibonisa ukuchaphazeleka kakubi kwentlalo emakhayeni abo baphume ebukhobokeni. (1)

- 1.8 Khetha impendulo engangqinelaniyo:  
 Ukukhululeka kwabafazi kwandise inani labafazi a.....  
 A batshayayo  
 B baselayo  
 C bakredezayo  
 D banomhlaza
- (1)

**Jonga umhlathi wesi-5**

- 1.9 Nika enye yeendlela abonisa ngazo isincwaso amadoda kwiindawo zempangelo. (1)
- 1.10 YINYANI okanye BUBUXOKI into yokuxhatshazwa ngezesondo kwabantu ababhinqileyo? Xhasa impendulo yakho. (2)
- 1.11 Ngcebiso ni onokuyinika umntu obhinqileyo oxhatshazwa ngezesondo emsebenzini (2)

**Jonga kumhlathi wesi-6**

- 1.12 Ucinga ukuba kunganaziphumo zini ukuqbeka kwabafazi emisebenzini baphinde bamelwe ngumsebenzi wekhaya? Cacisa. (2)
- 1.13 Shwankathela lo mhlathi ngesivakalisi esinye. (2)

**Jonga kwitekisi yonke**

- 1.14 Ucinga ukuba esi sicutshulwa singenza umahluko ekuguquleni iingqondo zamadoda axhaphaza amanina? Xhasa impendulo yakho. (2)

**IMIBUZO: ISICATSHULWA B**

- 1.15 Kwenzeka ntoni kulo mfanekiso ukwesi sicutshulwa? (1)
- 1.16 Ungatsho ukuba le nkampani iwuthathelle igqalelo umthetho wokuqasha ngokwesini? Xhasa ngokubonayo emfanekisweni. (1)
- 1.17 Ingaba abantu abangootata banomdla koko bakuxelelwa ngumntu ongumama kulo mfanekiso? Xhasa impendulo yakho. (2)
- 1.18 Phawula ngendlela umzobi womfanekiso amsebenzise ngayo umntu ongumama ukulwa ucalucalulo ngokwesini emisebenzini. (2)

**Jonga isicutshulwa A no B**

- 1.19 Ngokolwakho ulovo ingaba indawo yomfazi isemzini? Xhasa impendulo yakho. (2)
- 1.20 Ucinga ukuba lo mfanekiso ukwicatshulwa B unqinelana nowuphi umhlathi wesicatshulwa A? Xhasa impendulo yakho. (2)

**AMANQAKU ECANDELO: A [30]**

## ICANDELO B: USHWANKATHELO

### UMBUZO 2: ISISHWANKATHELO

ISICATSHULWA C sithetha **ngokuphucula indima yoomama elizweni.**

Shwankathela unike izinto ezinokuzisa impucuko kwindima yoomama elizweni.

#### Qaphela:

1. Bhala UMHLATHI ongenaziphene usebenzisa amazwi akho kangangoko unakho.
2. Isishwankathelo sakho masiuke iingongoma EZISIXHENXE ungedluli kumagama angama-70.
3. Akulindelekanga ukuba ubhale isihloko xa ushwankathela.
4. Bhala phantsi inani lamagama owasebenzisileyo wakugqiba.

#### UKUPHUCULA INDIMA YOOMAMA ELIZWENI

1. Kufanelekile ukuba abantu abangoomama badlale indima ebalulekileyo ekuphuculeni inkqubela-phambili ehlabathini jikelele. Oku kubangelwa kukuba ngabona banamandla nexesha elininzi ekuphuculeni izimo zabo basakhulayo, kuquka amakhwenkwe namantombazana eLizwe. Kubalulekile ke ngoko ukuba oomama bafumane inkxaso yokuba babe namalungelo wokuncedisa ngokukhululekileyo kwinkqubela-phambili yeHlabathi.
2. Oku kungenzeka ngokuba banikwe ilungelo elipheleleyo lokuzithabathela izigqibo nabo njengabantu, ngaphandle kwefuthe lamadoda. Oomama ngabantu abadalwe bohluka kootata kodwa oko akutsho ukuba ingqondo yabo ingaphantsi kweyootata. Uya kufumanisa ukuba izigqibo ezininzi kuninzi lwemizi zivela koomama. Imizi emininzi inesidima ngenxa yokuba kukho abantu abangoomama abancedisa abayeni babo ekwakheni nasekuthabatheni izigqibo ezizizo.
3. Oyena ndoqo kukunika abantwana abangamantombazana imfundo ekwizinga lomntu wonke kungajongwanga sini. Oko kuya kumkhuthaza umntwana oyintombazana ukuba naye azibone enenxaxheba enkulu ekufuneka ayidlale eLizweni. Amakesha amaninzi ikwangawo amantombazana athi abe nezakhono kanye kule misebenzi bekufudulwa kusithiwa yeyamadoda.
4. Xa sijonga inani lamakhosikazi kwizikhundla eziphezulu lisephantsi kakhulu. Amakhosikazi aphanelayo mawanikwe amathuba wokuphucula izakhono zaho ukuze nawo akwazi ukukhuphisana ngokulinganayo nootata kwiimeko zemisebenzi. Lo nto iya kunceda ukuba nawo akwazi ukubamba izikhundla eziphezulu emisebenzini.
5. Inkululeko namalungelo wamabhingga mawabekwe phambili xa kuchotshelwe imicimbi edla iLizwe. Oko kuyakuhlala kukhumbuza abo basabambelele kundalashe ukuba amakesha aguqukile. Amabhingga mawahlonitshwe nawo njengabantu, angajongelwa phantsi kuba engamabhingga. Intlonipho izala enye intlonipho. Siya kukhula isizwe esihlonipha amanina waso, kuba nawo aya kuziva enelunda ngesizwe sawo.

6. Kubalulekile ukuba amanina athabathe inxaxheba kwimibutho yezopolitiko, angacalulwa ngokwesini. Imibutho yezopolitiko inenxaxheba yokuthabatha izigqibo ezichaphazela intlalo yoluntu. Amanina ngawona anamanani aphezulu kule mibutho, kodwa anikwa izikhundla ezingabalulekanga. Kusekho amazwe ehlabathi angazange akhokelwa ngumntu ongumama. Oko kungumnqa xa sijonge indima edlalwa ngamanina kule mibutho.
7. Ukhuseleko lwamanina kufanele lube luxanduva lomntu wonke. Oku kunganqanda ukuxhatshazwa nokubethwa kwamanina. Isizwe esixhaphaza amanina sisemngciphekweni wokulahlekelwa ngabona bantu babalulekileyo ekukhuleni kwezoqoqosho lweLizwe.

[Sicatshulwe kwi-intanethi [www.googlesearch.saguqulelwa.esiXhoseni](http://www.googlesearch.saguqulelwa.esiXhoseni), saze

**AMANQAKU ECANDELO B: 10**

**ICANDELO C: IZAKHI NEMIQAGO YOKUSETYENZISWA KOLWIMI****UMBUZO 3: ISIBHENGEO NTENGISO**

Funda esi sibhengezo ntengiso (ISICATSHULWA D) singezantsi uze uphendule imibuzo esekwe kuso.

**ISICATSHULWA D**

- 3.1 Xela igama lemveliso ethengiswa kule ntengiso. (1)
- 3.2 Yintoni umsebenzi wale mveliso? (1)
- 3.3 Linxulumana njani ibinzana 'Khangeleka umhle' nomfanekiso wentombazana kule ntengiso? (1)
- 3.4 Khetha impendulo echanekileyo kwezi zilandelayo:  
Incoko ekwesi sibhengezo ntengiso i.....  
 A khohlisa abathengi  
 B hlekisa ngabathengi.  
 C caphukisa abathengi.  
 D xhesha abathengi (1)
- 3.5 Ucinga ukuba yintoni injongo yokuba umyili wentengiso asebenzise isityalo esilikhala kule ntengiso? (2)

**UMBUZO 4: IKHATHUNI**

- 3.6 Cacisa unobangela wokuba umyili wale ntengiso asebenzise ifonti enkulu xa ebhala amazwi 'Khangeleka umhle ngokusebenzisa le mveliso, rhoqo'. (2)
- 3.7 Ingaba uyangqinelana nomyili wentengiso xa esithi ungakhangeleka umhle xa uyisebenzisa rhoqo le mveliso? Xhasa uluvo lwakho. (2)  
[10]

Funda le khathuni ingezantsi ingoLutho nonina uze uphendule imibuzo esekwe kuyo.

### ISICATSHULWA E



- 4.1 Ungathi xa ujungle baphi aba bantu bakule khathuni? (1)
- 4.2 Nika isizathu sempendulo eku-4.1. (1)
- 4.3 Chaza umahluko kwindlela abanxibelelana ngayo uLutho nomama wakhe kwisakhelo soku-1? (2)
- 4.4 Ingaba iyangqinelana impendulo kaLutho ekwisakhelo soku-1 nesenzo sakhe kwisakhelo sesi-2? Xhasa impendulo yakho. (2)
- 4.5 Nika ubungqina bokuba umama kaLutho uyacinga kwisakhelo sesi-2. (1)
- 4.6 Khetha impendulo echanekileyo.
- Ingcingane kamama kaLutho kwisakhelo sesi-2 ibonakalisa ukuba:
- A      Uncamile  
 B      Ubethiwe  
 C      Ukruqukile  
 D      Unomsindo (1)
- 4.7 Ucinga ukuba umyili wekhathuni uphumelele ukubonisa ukuba abantwana abangamakhwenkwe balubona iluxanduva loomama ukuhoya izitya? Xhasa impendulo yakho. (2)  
[10]

### UMBUZO 5: IPROZI

Funda ISICATSHULWA F, uze uphendule imibuzo esekwe kuso.

### **ISICATSHULWA F**

#### **UMSEBENZI WABAFAZI KWISIZWE ESINTSUNDU**

1. Le nto ingumzi kukuvumelana komntu oyindoda noyinkazana ukuba bahlale kunye, bejunge ukuncedana nokondla usapho lwabo ngokufanelekileyo nangokwesiko, lungahleleleki ngokweenkedama. Le mvumelwano ke iza nezinye iintsikelelo ezinje ngokwahluelana ngomsebenzi ophathelele kwintlalo-ntle yekhaya. Kwizizwe eziNtsundu amadoda anomsebenzi wawo othe geqe njengokuba nabafazi benowabo, esingathi siwuqwalasele.
2. Umsebenzi womfazi kwaXhosa phakathi kwekhaya ekungathiwa ube uyintloko kukupheka, ukuze indoda yakhe nabantwana bangalambi. Ibe isithi ke yonke eminye imisebenzi ezalwa ngulo msebenzi yamkelwe ngumfazi ivunywe ukuba yeyakhe. Njengokuba engenakho ukupheka ngaphandle kwamanzi ubeyazi into yokuba ufanele athwale ingqayi imihla ngemihla aye kukha amanzi emthonjeni. Ngokunjalo nasezinkunini ubeyazi ukuba makabe negoqo apha ekhaya. Zingekho ke iinkuni kuthiwa licimi kuloo mzi. Loo nto ke ithetha ukuba akuphekwa nokuba ukutya kona kuzalise uvimba.
3. Ngokukhululwa komfazi kule misebenzi inzima yangaphandle kokukhona ubomi bekhaya buya kulungelana nangaphezulu bube mnandi kananjalo. Indlu iza kucocwa icokiswe nabantwana bafundiswe ukuziphatha nokwenza imisetyenzana ebalingeneyo. Umfazi woba ke ngoku uyinkosikazi apha emzini wakhe.

[Sicatshulwe kwincwadi ethi AMAVO ebhalwe ngu: J.J.R. Jolobe, amaphepha 14–18, saze sahlelwa]

5.1 Nika isinciphiso seli gama ‘usapho’ (1)

5.2 Sibonakalisa ntoni isimamva u-ana esikrwelelwe umgca ngaphantsi kumhlathi woku-1? (1)

5.3 Sebenzisa igama elikrwelelweyo kwisivakalisi linike intsingiselo eyahlukileyo kunale lisetyenziswe kuyo apha.

Umsebenzi womfazi kwaXhosa phakathi kwekhaya ekungathiwa ube uyintloko kukupheka, ukuze indoda yakhe nabantwana bangalambi. (1)

- 5.4 Guqula igama elikrwelelwe umgca ngaphantsi kwesi sivakalisi silandelayo libe kwimo evumayo:  
 ‘... ukuze indoda yakhe nabantwana bangalambi.’ (1)
- 5.5 Libonakalisa ntoni igama elikrwelelwe umgca ngaphantsi?  
 ‘... aye kukha amanzi emthonjeni.’ (1)
- 5.6 Guqula esi sivakalisi silandelayo sibe kwixesha langoku: (2)  
 ‘Ngokunjalo nasezinkunini wayesazi ukuba makabe negoqo apha ekhaya.’
- 5.7 Yakha iqhalo/isaci ngeli gama ‘indoda’ uze unike nentsingiselo yalo. (2)
- 5.8 Lungisa isiphene sobhalo kwesi sivakalisi silandelayo:  
 Ngokukhululwa komfazi kule misebenzi inzima yangaphandle kokukhona ubomi  
 bekhaya buya kulungelana nangaphezulu bube mandi kananjalo (1)  
**[10]**
- AMANQAKU ECANDELO C:** 30  
**AMANQAKU EWONKE:** 70