



# education

Department:  
Education  
North West Provincial Government  
**REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA**

## PROVINCIAL ASSESSMENT/ *PROVINSIALE ASSESSERING*

**GRADE 11/GRAAD 11**

### TECHNICAL MATHEMATICS P2/*TEGNIESE WISKUNDE V2* MARKING GUIDELINES/*NASIENRIGLYNE* JUNE 2024/*JUNIE 2024*

**MARKS/PUNTE: 100**

<b>CODE/KODE</b>	<b>EXPLANATION/VERDUIDELIKING</b>
<b>A</b>	Accuracy/Akkuraatheid
<b>AO</b>	Answer only/ <i>Slegs antwoord</i>
<b>CA</b>	Consistent Accuracy/ <i>deurlopende akkuraatheid</i>
<b>I</b>	Identity/ <i>Identiteit</i>
<b>M</b>	Method/ <i>Metode</i>
<b>NPR</b>	No penalty for rounding/ <i>Geen penaliserings vir afronding</i>
<b>NPU</b>	No penalty for units/ <i>Geen penaliserings vir eenhede</i>
<b>R</b>	Rounding/ <i>Afronding</i>
<b>RE</b>	Reason/ <i>Rede</i>
<b>S</b>	Simplification/ <i>Vereenvoudiging</i>
<b>F</b>	Formula/ <i>Formule</i>
<b>SF</b>	Substitution in correct formula/ <i>Vervanging in korrekte formule</i>
<b>ST/RE</b>	Statement with reason/ <i>Stelling met rede</i>
<b>NPU</b>	No penalty for units/ <i>Geen penaliserings vir eenhede</i>

**These marking guidelines consist of 8 pages.  
*Hierdie nasienriglyne bestaan uit 8 bladsye.***

**NOTE: / LET WEL:**

- If a candidate answers a question TWICE, only mark the FIRST attempt.
- *Indien 'n kandidaat 'n vraag TWEE keer beantwoord, slegs die EERSTE poging na.*
- If a candidate crossed out an answer and did not redo it, mark the crossed-out answer.
- *Indien 'n kandidaat 'n antwoord uitgekrap het en nie oorgedoen het nie, merk die uitgekrapte antwoord.*
- Consistent accuracy applies to ALL aspects of the marking memorandum.
- *Deurlopende akkuraatheid is op ALLE aspekte van die nasienriglyne van toepassing.*
- Assuming values/answers in order to solve a problem is unacceptable.
- *Om waardes/antwoorde net te aanvaar om die probleem op te los, is onaavaarbaar.*

**QUESTION 1/VRAAG 1**

<p>1.1</p>	$m_{BC} = \frac{y_B - y_C}{x_B - x_C}$ $= \frac{6 - (-2)}{3 - 5}$ $= -4$	<p>✓ formula/formule                  ✓ SF                  ✓ answer/antwoord</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(3)</p>
<p>1.2</p>	$m_{AC} = \frac{y_C - y_A}{x_C - x_A}$ $= \frac{-2 - (-4)}{5 - (-2)} = \frac{2}{7}$ $y = \frac{2}{7}x + c$ $-2 = \frac{2}{7}(5) + c$ $c = -\frac{24}{7}$ $y = \frac{2}{7}x - \frac{24}{7}$ <p style="text-align: center;"><b>OR/OF</b></p> $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$ $y + 4 = \frac{2}{7}(x + 2)$ $y = \frac{2}{7}x - \frac{24}{7}$	<p>✓ SF                  ✓ gradient/gradiënt</p> <p>✓ sub.(5;-2)                  ✓ answer/antwoord</p> <p>(4)</p> <p><b>OR/OF</b>                  ✓ SF                  ✓ gradient/gradiënt</p> <p>✓ sub.(-2;-4)                  ✓ answer/antwoord</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(4)</p>
<p>1.3</p>	$\tan \theta = m$ $\tan \theta = -4$ $\theta = \tan^{-1}(-4) + 180$ $\theta = 104,04^\circ$	<p>✓ <math>\tan \theta = -4</math>                  ✓ ✓ answer/antwoord</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(3)</p>

<p>1.4</p>	$M_{AC} \left( \frac{x_A + x_C}{2}; \frac{y_A + y_C}{2} \right)$ $= \left( \frac{-2 + 5}{2}; \frac{-4 - 2}{2} \right)$ $= \left( \frac{3}{2}; -3 \right)$	<p>✓SF</p> <p>✓ answer/antwoord (2)</p>
<p>1.5</p>	$AB = \sqrt{(x_A - x_B)^2 + (y_A - y_B)^2}$ $= \sqrt{(-2 - 3)^2 + (-4 - 6)^2}$ $= 5\sqrt{5}$	<p>✓ formula/formule</p> <p>✓SF</p> <p>✓ answer/antwoord (3)</p>
<p>1.6</p>	$m = -4$ $y = -4x + c$ $-3 = -4 \left( \frac{3}{2} \right) + c$ $c = 3$ $y = -4x + 3$ <p style="text-align: center;"><b>OR/OF</b></p> $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$ $y + 3 = -4 \left( x - \frac{3}{2} \right)$ $y + 3 = -4x + 6$ $y = -4x + 3$	<p>✓ <math>m = -4</math></p> <p>✓ sub.point/vervang punt</p> <p>✓ answer/antwoord (3)</p> <p><b>OR/OF</b></p> <p>✓ <math>m = -4</math></p> <p>✓ sub.point / vervang punt</p> <p>✓ answer/antwoord (3)</p>
<p>1.7</p>	$M_{BC} \left( \frac{x_B + x_C}{2}; \frac{y_B + y_C}{2} \right)$ $= \left( \frac{3 + 5}{2}; \frac{6 + (-2)}{2} \right)$ $= (4; 2)$ $m_{BC} \times m_{\text{perpBisector}} = -1$ $-4 \times m_{\text{perpBisector}} = -1$ $m_{\text{perpBisector}} = \frac{1}{4}$ $y = \frac{1}{4}x + c$ $2 = \frac{1}{4}(4) + c$ $c = 1$ $y = \frac{1}{4}x + 1$ $4y - x = 4$	<p>✓SF</p> <p>✓ mid-pt</p> <p>✓</p> $m_{BC} \times m_{\text{perpBisector}} = -1$ <p>✓ <math>y = \frac{1}{4}x + 1</math> (4)</p>

1.8	$m_{AB} = \frac{y_B - y_A}{x_B - x_A}$ $= \frac{6 - (-4)}{3 - (-2)}$ $= 2$ $\tan \beta = m_{AB}$ $\tan \beta = 2$ $\beta = \tan^{-1}(2)$ $= 63,43^\circ$ $\theta = \beta + \widehat{ABC} \quad \text{ext } \angle \Delta$ $104,04^\circ = 63,43^\circ + \widehat{ABC}$ $\widehat{ABC} = 40,61^\circ$	✓ SF ✓ gradient/gradient ✓ $\tan \beta = 2$ ✓ $63,43^\circ$ ✓ S/R ✓ answer/antwoord (6)
		[28]

**QUESTION 2/VRAAG 2**

2.1.1	$m_{AB} = m_{BC}$ $\frac{-1-3}{-1-2} = \frac{p-(-1)}{-2-(-1)}$ $\frac{4}{3} = \frac{p+1}{-1}$ $\frac{4}{3} = -p-1$ $p = -\frac{7}{3}$	✓ $m_{AB} = m_{BC}$ ✓ SF ✓ answer/antwoord (3)
2.1.2	$m_{AB} \times m_{BC} = -1$ $\frac{4}{3} \times (-p-1) = -1$ $-p-1 = -\frac{3}{4}$ $p = -\frac{1}{4}$	✓ $m_{AB} \times m_{BC} = -1$ ✓ S ✓ answer/antwoord (3)
2.2	$BC = \sqrt{(0-2)^2 + (3-(-4))^2}$ $= \sqrt{53}$ $AB = \sqrt{(0-(-4))^2 + (3-(-3))^2}$ $= 2\sqrt{13}$ <p>ABCD is not a square, sides are not equal  <i>ABCD is nie 'n vierkant nie, sye is nie gelyk nie</i></p>	✓ SF ✓ $= \sqrt{53}$ ✓ SF ✓ $= 2\sqrt{13}$ ✓ not a square/nie 'n vierkant ✓ conclusion/gevolgtrekking (6)
		[12]

**QUESTION 3 / VRAAG 3**

<p>3.1</p>		<p><math>f(x)</math>                  ✓ shape/vorm                  ✓ <math>x</math> – intercepts/  <i>x-afsnitte</i>                  ✓ turning points  <i>draaipunte</i></p> <p><math>g(x)</math>                  ✓ shape/vorm                  ✓ intercepts/  <i>afsnitte</i></p> <p>(5)</p>
<p>3.2</p>	<p><math>f - 360^\circ</math>  <math>g - 360^\circ</math></p>	<p>✓ answer/  <i>antwoord</i>                  ✓ answer/  <i>antwoord</i></p> <p>(2)</p>
<p>3.3</p>	<p><math>f: a = 2</math></p>	<p>✓ answer/  <i>antwoord</i></p> <p>(1)</p>
<p>3.4</p>	<p><math>g: y \in [0; 2]</math></p>	<p>✓ endpoint/  <i>eindpunt</i>                  ✓ notation/  <i>notasie</i></p> <p>(2)</p>
<p>3.5</p>	<p><math>180^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ</math></p>	<p>✓ endpoints/  <i>eindpunte</i>                  ✓ notation/  <i>notasie</i></p> <p>(2)</p>
		<p><b>[12]</b></p>

**QUESTION 4 / VRAAG 4**

4.1.1	Supplementary / <i>Supplementêr</i>	✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (1)
4.1.2	Twice the angle subtended by the same chord at the circumference / <i>twee maal so groot soos die hoek by die middelpunt.</i>	✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (1)
4.2.1	$\hat{S} + \hat{E} = 180^\circ$ opp $\angle$ 's cyclic quad / <i>teenoorstaande <math>\angle</math>e van koordevierhoek</i> $y + 4y + 5 = 180^\circ$ $5y = 175$ $y = 35^\circ$	✓S ✓R  ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (3)
4.2.2	$\hat{R} + \hat{D} = 180$ opp $\angle$ 's cyclic quad / <i>teenoorstaande <math>\angle</math>e van koordevierhoek</i> $4x + 3x - 20^\circ = 180^\circ$ $7x = 200^\circ$ $x = 28,57^\circ$	✓S ✓R  ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (3)
4.2.3	$\hat{D}_1 = \hat{R}$ ext $\angle$ cyclic quad / <i>buite <math>\angle</math> van koordevierhoek</i> $\hat{D}_1 = 4x$ $= 4(28,57^\circ)$ $= 114,28^\circ$	✓S/R  ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (2)
		<b>[10]</b>

**QUESTION 5 / VRAAG 5**

5.1	$\widehat{OBT} = \widehat{OAT} = 90^\circ$ <i>tan <math>\perp</math> rad / raaklyn <math>\perp</math> raaklyn</i>	✓S ✓✓R (3)
5.2	$\hat{B}_1 + \hat{B}_2 = 90^\circ$ <i>tan <math>\perp</math> rad / raaklyn <math>\perp</math> raaklyn</i> $35^\circ + \hat{B}_2 = 90^\circ$ $\hat{B}_2 = 55^\circ$	✓S/R ✓S (2)
5.3	$\hat{A}_1 = \hat{B}_1 = 35^\circ$ $\angle$ 's opp = sides / <i><math>\angle</math>e teenoor = sye</i>	✓S/R ✓S (2)
5.4	$\hat{A}_2 = \hat{B}_2 = 55^\circ$ $\angle$ 's opp = sides / <i><math>\angle</math>e teenoor = sye</i> $\hat{O}_1 + \hat{A}_2 + \hat{B}_2 = 180^\circ$ <i>sum <math>\angle</math>'s <math>\Delta</math> / som van binnehoeke van <math>\Delta</math></i> $\hat{O}_1 + 55^\circ + 55^\circ = 180^\circ$ $\hat{O}_1 = 70^\circ$	✓S ✓R ✓S/R ✓S (4)
5.5	$\hat{O}_1 = 2\hat{E}$ $\angle$ at center = 2 $\angle$ circumference / <i><math>\angle</math> by mid.pt = 2x<math>\angle</math> omtrek</i> $70^\circ = 2\hat{E}$ $\hat{E} = 35^\circ$  OR / OF $\hat{B}_1 = \hat{E} = 35^\circ$ <i>tan – chord / raaklyn-koord</i> OR / OF	✓S/R ✓S (2)  ✓S/R ✓S (2)

	$\hat{A}_1 = \hat{E} = 35^\circ \tan - \text{chord} / \text{raaklyn-koord}$	✓S/R ✓S (2)
		<b>[13]</b>

**QUESTION 6 / VRAAG 6**

6.1	BC = 15 cm <i>line drawn from centre / lyn getrek vanaf middelpunt</i>	✓S/R (1)
6.2	$\hat{B}CA = 90^\circ$ <i>line drawn from center / lyn getrek vanaf middelpunt</i>	✓S ✓R (2)
6.3	OC = 2CD OC = 2k	✓✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (2)
6.4	$OB^2 = BC^2 + OC^2$ $OB^2 = (15)^2 + (2k)^2$ $= 225 + 4k^2$ $OB = 15 + 2k$	✓SF ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (2)
6.5	$AB^2 = AC^2 + BC^2$ $(20)^2 = (5k)^2 + (15)^2$ $400 - 225 = 25k^2$ $175 = 25k^2$ $k^2 = 7$ $k = \sqrt{7}$	✓SF ✓ simplification/ <i>vereenvoudiging</i> ✓ simplification/ <i>vereenvoudiging</i> ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (4)
6.6	$3k = \text{radius}$ $\text{radius} = 3\sqrt{7}$	✓S ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (2)
		<b>[13]</b>

**QUESTION 7/VRAAG 7**

7.1.1	$102,635^\circ$ $= 102^\circ 38' 6''$	$\checkmark 102^\circ \checkmark 38' \checkmark 6''$ (3)
7.1.2	$70^\circ 44' 90''$ $= 70,76^\circ$	$\checkmark \checkmark \checkmark 70,76^\circ$ (3)
7.2	$s = r\theta$ $20 = 8\theta$ $\theta = 2,5 \text{ rads}$ $\theta = 2,5 \times \frac{180}{\pi}$ $= 143,24^\circ$	$\checkmark$ formula/formule $\checkmark$ SF $\checkmark 2,5 \text{ rads}$ $\checkmark = 143,24^\circ$ (4)
7.3	$\frac{\pi}{3} + \frac{3}{4}\pi - 135^\circ$ $= \frac{\pi}{3} \times \frac{180^\circ}{\pi} + \frac{3}{4}\pi \times \frac{180^\circ}{\pi} - 135^\circ$ $= 60^\circ + 135^\circ - 135^\circ$ $= 60^\circ$	$\checkmark \frac{180^\circ}{\pi}$ $\checkmark 60^\circ$ (2) <b>AO: FULL MARKS / VOL PUNTE</b>
		<b>[12]</b>
<b>TOTAL/TOTAAL:</b>		<b>100</b>