



education

Department:
Education
North West Provincial Government
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

PROVINCIAL ASSESSMENT/ *PROVINSIALE ASSESSERING*

GRADE 11/GRAAD 11

TECHNICAL MATHEMATICS P2/*TEGNIESE WISKUNDE V2* MARKING GUIDELINES/*NASIENRIGLYNE* JUNE 2024/*JUNIE 2024*

MARKS/PUNTE: 100

CODE/KODE	EXPLANATION/VERDUIDELIKING
A	Accuracy/Akkuraatheid
AO	Answer only/ <i>Slegs antwoord</i>
CA	Consistent Accuracy/ <i>deurlopende akkuraatheid</i>
I	Identity/ <i>Identiteit</i>
M	Method/ <i>Metode</i>
NPR	No penalty for rounding/ <i>Geen penalisering vir afronding</i>
NPU	No penalty for units/ <i>Geen penalisering vir eenhede</i>
R	Rounding/ <i>Afronding</i>
RE	Reason/ <i>Rede</i>
S	Simplification/ <i>Vereenvoudiging</i>
F	Formula/ <i>Formule</i>
SF	Substitution in correct formula/ <i>Vervanging in korrekte formule</i>
ST/RE	Statement with reason/ <i>Stelling met rede</i>
NPU	No penalty for units/ <i>Geen penalisering vir eenhede</i>

**These marking guidelines consist of 8 pages.
*Hierdie nasienriglyne bestaan uit 8 bladsye.***

NOTE: / LET WEL:

- If a candidate answers a question TWICE, only mark the FIRST attempt.
- Indien 'n kandidaat 'n vraag TWEE keer beantwoord, slegs die EERSTE poging na.
- If a candidate crossed out an answer and did not redo it, mark the crossed-out answer.
- Indien 'n kandidaat 'n antwoord uitgekrap het en nie oorgedoen het nie, merk die uitgekrapte antwoord.
- Consistent accuracy applies to ALL aspects of the marking memorandum.
- Deurlopende akkuraatheid is op ALLE aspekte van die nasienriglyne van toepassing.
- Assuming values/answers in order to solve a problem is unacceptable.
- Om waardes/antwoorde net te aanvaar om die probleem op te los, is onaanvaarbaar.

QUESTION 1/VRAAG 1

<p>1.1</p>	$m_{BC} = \frac{y_B - y_C}{x_B - x_C}$ $= \frac{6 - (-2)}{3 - 5}$ $= -4$	<p>✓ formula/formule ✓ SF ✓ answer/antwoord</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(3)</p>
<p>1.2</p>	$m_{AC} = \frac{y_C - y_A}{x_C - x_A}$ $= \frac{-2 - (-4)}{5 - (-2)} = \frac{2}{7}$ $y = \frac{2}{7}x + c$ $-2 = \frac{2}{7}(5) + c$ $c = -\frac{24}{7}$ $y = \frac{2}{7}x - \frac{24}{7}$ <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$ $y + 4 = \frac{2}{7}(x + 2)$ $y = \frac{2}{7}x - \frac{24}{7}$	<p>✓ SF ✓ gradient/gradiënt</p> <p>✓ sub.(5;-2) ✓ answer/antwoord</p> <p>(4)</p> <p>OR/OF ✓ SF ✓ gradient/gradiënt</p> <p>✓ sub.(-2;-4) ✓ answer/antwoord</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(4)</p>
<p>1.3</p>	$\tan \theta = m$ $\tan \theta = -4$ $\theta = \tan^{-1}(-4) + 180$ $\theta = 104,04^\circ$	<p>✓ $\tan \theta = -4$ ✓✓ answer/antwoord</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(3)</p>

<p>1.4</p>	$M_{AC} \left(\frac{x_A + x_C}{2}; \frac{y_A + y_C}{2} \right)$ $= \left(\frac{-2 + 5}{2}; \frac{-4 - 2}{2} \right)$ $= \left(\frac{3}{2}; -3 \right)$	<p>✓ SF</p> <p>✓ answer/antwoord (2)</p>
<p>1.5</p>	$AB = \sqrt{(x_A - x_B)^2 + (y_A - y_B)^2}$ $= \sqrt{(-2 - 3)^2 + (-4 - 6)^2}$ $= 5\sqrt{5}$	<p>✓ formula/formule</p> <p>✓ SF</p> <p>✓ answer/antwoord (3)</p>
<p>1.6</p>	$m = -4$ $y = -4x + c$ $-3 = -4 \left(\frac{3}{2} \right) + c$ $c = 3$ $y = -4x + 3$ <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$ $y + 3 = -4 \left(x - \frac{3}{2} \right)$ $y + 3 = -4x + 6$ $y = -4x + 3$	<p>✓ $m = -4$</p> <p>✓ sub.point/vervang punt</p> <p>✓ answer/antwoord (3)</p> <p>OR/OF</p> <p>✓ $m = -4$</p> <p>✓ sub.point / vervang punt</p> <p>✓ answer/antwoord (3)</p>
<p>1.7</p>	$M_{BC} \left(\frac{x_B + x_C}{2}; \frac{y_B + y_C}{2} \right)$ $= \left(\frac{3 + 5}{2}; \frac{6 + (-2)}{2} \right)$ $= (4; 2)$ $m_{BC} \times m_{\text{perpBisector}} = -1$ $-4 \times m_{\text{perpBisector}} = -1$ $m_{\text{perpBisector}} = \frac{1}{4}$ $y = \frac{1}{4}x + c$ $2 = \frac{1}{4}(4) + c$ $c = 1$ $y = \frac{1}{4}x + 1$ $4y - x = 4$	<p>✓ SF</p> <p>✓ mid-pt</p> <p>✓</p> $m_{BC} \times m_{\text{perpBisector}} = -1$ <p>✓ $y = \frac{1}{4}x + 1$ (4)</p>

<p>1.8</p>	$m_{AB} = \frac{y_B - y_A}{x_B - x_A}$ $= \frac{6 - (-4)}{3 - (-2)}$ $= 2$ $\tan \beta = m_{AB}$ $\tan \beta = 2$ $\beta = \tan^{-1}(2)$ $= 63,43^\circ$ $\theta = \beta + \widehat{ABC} \quad \text{ext } \angle \Delta$ $104,04^\circ = 63,43^\circ + \widehat{ABC}$ $\widehat{ABC} = 40,61^\circ$	<p>✓SF</p> <p>✓gradient/gradiënt</p> <p>✓ $\tan \beta = 2$</p> <p>✓63,43°</p> <p>✓S/R</p> <p>✓ answer/antwoord</p> <p>(6)</p>
		[28]

QUESTION 2/VRAAG 2

<p>2.1.1</p>	$m_{AB} = m_{BC}$ $\frac{-1-3}{-1-2} = \frac{p-(-1)}{-2-(-1)}$ $\frac{4}{3} = \frac{p+1}{-1}$ $\frac{4}{3} = -p-1$ $p = -\frac{7}{3}$	<p>✓ $m_{AB} = m_{BC}$</p> <p>✓SF</p> <p>✓ answer/antwoord</p> <p>(3)</p>
<p>2.1.2</p>	$m_{AB} \times m_{BC} = -1$ $\frac{4}{3} \times (-p-1) = -1$ $-p-1 = -\frac{3}{4}$ $p = -\frac{1}{4}$	<p>✓ $m_{AB} \times m_{BC} = -1$</p> <p>✓S</p> <p>✓ answer/antwoord</p> <p>(3)</p>
<p>2.2</p>	$BC = \sqrt{(0-2)^2 + (3-(-4))^2}$ $= \sqrt{53}$ $AB = \sqrt{(0-(-4))^2 + (3-(-3))^2}$ $= 2\sqrt{13}$ <p>ABCD is not a square, sides are not equal</p> <p>ABCD is nie 'n vierkant nie, sye is nie gelyk nie</p>	<p>✓SF</p> <p>✓ $= \sqrt{53}$</p> <p>✓SF</p> <p>✓ $= 2\sqrt{13}$</p> <p>✓ not a square/nie 'n vierkant</p> <p>✓ conclusion/gevolgtrekking</p> <p>(6)</p>
		[12]

QUESTION 3 / VRAAG 3

<p>3.1</p>		<p>$f(x)$ ✓ shape/vorm ✓ x – intercepts/ x-afsnitte ✓ turning points draaipunte</p> <p>$g(x)$ ✓ shape/vorm ✓ intercepts/ afsnitte</p> <p>(5)</p>
<p>3.2</p>	<p>$f - 360^\circ$ $g - 360^\circ$</p>	<p>✓ answer/ antwoord ✓ answer/ antwoord</p> <p>(2)</p>
<p>3.3</p>	<p>$f: a = 2$</p>	<p>✓ answer/ antwoord</p> <p>(1)</p>
<p>3.4</p>	<p>$g: y \in [0; 2]$</p>	<p>✓ endpoint/ eindpunt ✓ notation/ notasie</p> <p>(2)</p>
<p>3.5</p>	<p>$180^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$</p>	<p>✓ endpoints/ eindpunte ✓ notation/ notasie</p> <p>(2)</p>
		<p>[12]</p>

QUESTION 4 / VRAAG 4

4.1.1	Supplementary / <i>Supplementêr</i>	✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (1)
4.1.2	Twice the angle subtended by the same chord at the circumference / <i>tweemaal so groot soos die hoek by die middelpunt.</i>	✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (1)
4.2.1	$\hat{S} + \hat{E} = 180^\circ$ opp \angle 's cyclic quad / <i>teenoorstaande \anglee van koordevierhoek</i> $y + 4y + 5 = 180^\circ$ $5y = 175$ $y = 35^\circ$	✓S ✓R ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (3)
4.2.2	$\hat{R} + \hat{D} = 180$ opp \angle 's cyclic quad / <i>teenoorstaande \anglee van koordevierhoek</i> $4x + 3x - 20^\circ = 180^\circ$ $7x = 200^\circ$ $x = 28,57^\circ$	✓S ✓R ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (3)
4.2.3	$\hat{D}_1 = \hat{R}$ ext \angle cyclic quad / <i>buite \angle van koordevierhoek</i> $\hat{D}_1 = 4x$ $= 4(28,57^\circ)$ $= 114,28^\circ$	✓S/R ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (2)
		[10]

QUESTION 5 / VRAAG 5

5.1	$\widehat{OBT} = \widehat{OAT} = 90^\circ$ <i>tan \perp rad / raaklyn \perp raaklyn</i>	✓S ✓✓R (3)
5.2	$\widehat{B}_1 + \widehat{B}_2 = 90^\circ$ <i>tan \perp rad / raaklyn \perp raaklyn</i> $35^\circ + \widehat{B}_2 = 90^\circ$ $\widehat{B}_2 = 55^\circ$	✓S/R ✓S (2)
5.3	$\widehat{A}_1 = \widehat{B}_1 = 35^\circ$ \angle 's opp = sides / <i>\anglee teenoor = sye</i>	✓S/R ✓S (2)
5.4	$\widehat{A}_2 = \widehat{B}_2 = 55^\circ$ \angle 's opp = sides / <i>\anglee teenoor = sye</i> $\widehat{O}_1 + \widehat{A}_2 + \widehat{B}_2 = 180^\circ$ <i>sum \angle's Δ / som van binnehoeke van Δ</i> $\widehat{O}_1 + 55^\circ + 55^\circ = 180^\circ$ $\widehat{O}_1 = 70^\circ$	✓S ✓R ✓S/R ✓S (4)
5.5	$\widehat{O}_1 = 2\widehat{E}$ \angle at center = 2 \angle circumference / <i>\angle by mid.pt = 2x\angle omtrek</i> $70^\circ = 2\widehat{E}$ $\widehat{E} = 35^\circ$ <p style="text-align: center;">OR / OF</p> $\widehat{B}_1 = \widehat{E} = 35^\circ$ <i>tan – chord / raaklyn-koord</i> <p style="text-align: center;">OR / OF</p>	✓S/R ✓S (2) ✓S/R ✓S (2)

	$\hat{A}_1 = \hat{E} = 35^\circ \tan - \text{chord} / \text{raaklyn-koord}$	✓S/R ✓S (2)
		[13]

QUESTION 6 / VRAAG 6

6.1	BC = 15 cm <i>line drawn from centre / lyn getrek vanaf middelpunt</i>	✓S/R (1)
6.2	$\hat{B}\hat{C}\hat{A} = 90^\circ$ <i>line drawn from center / lyn getrek vanaf middelpunt</i>	✓S ✓R (2)
6.3	OC = 2CD OC = 2k	✓✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (2)
6.4	$OB^2 = BC^2 + OC^2$ $OB^2 = (15)^2 + (2k)^2$ $= 225 + 4k^2$ $OB = 15 + 2k$	✓SF ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (2)
6.5	$AB^2 = AC^2 + BC^2$ $(20)^2 = (5k)^2 + (15)^2$ $400 - 225 = 25k^2$ $175 = 25k^2$ $k^2 = 7$ $k = \sqrt{7}$	✓SF ✓ simplification/ <i>vereenvoudiging</i> ✓ simplification/ <i>vereenvoudiging</i> ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (4)
6.6	$3k = \text{radius}$ $\text{radius} = 3\sqrt{7}$	✓S ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (2)
		[13]

QUESTION 7/VRAAG 7

7.1.1	$102,635^\circ$ $= 102^\circ 38' 6''$	$\checkmark 102^\circ \checkmark 38' \checkmark 6''$ (3)
7.1.2	$70^\circ 44' 90''$ $= 70,76^\circ$	$\checkmark \checkmark \checkmark 70,76^\circ$ (3)
7.2	$s = r\theta$ $20 = 8\theta$ $\theta = 2,5 \text{ rads}$ $\theta = 2,5 \times \frac{180}{\pi}$ $= 143,24^\circ$	\checkmark formula/formule \checkmark SF $\checkmark 2,5 \text{ rads}$ $\checkmark = 143,24^\circ$ (4)
7.3	$\frac{\pi}{3} + \frac{3}{4}\pi - 135^\circ$ $= \frac{\pi}{3} \times \frac{180^\circ}{\pi} + \frac{3}{4}\pi \times \frac{180^\circ}{\pi} - 135^\circ$ $= 60^\circ + 135^\circ - 135^\circ$ $= 60^\circ$	$\checkmark \frac{180^\circ}{\pi}$ $\checkmark 60^\circ$ (2) AO: FULL MARKS / VOL PUNTE
		[12]
TOTAL/TOTAAL:		100