

# education

Department: Education North West Provincial Government REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

**PROVINCIAL ASSESSMENT** 

**GRADE 11** 



Marks: 80

Time: 2 hours

This question paper consists of 13 pages.

Please turn over

Copyright reserved

# Grade 1

# INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

1. This question paper consists of THREE SECTIONS:

SECTION A:	Comprehension	(30)
SECTION B:	Summary	(10)
SECTION C:	Language in context	(40)

- 2. Answer ALL the questions.
- 3. Start EACH section on a NEW page.
- 4. Rule off after each section.
- 5. Number the answers correctly according to the numbering system used in this question paper.
- 6. Leave a line after each answer.
- 7. Pay special attention to spelling and sentence construction.
- 8. Suggested time allocation:

SECTION A:	50 minutes
SECTION B:	20 minutes
SECTION C:	50 minutes

9. Write neatly and legibly.

# **SECTION A: COMPREHENSION**

# **QUESTION 1**

Read both TEXT A and TEXT B then answer the set questions that follow in your own words as far as possible.

# TEXT A

A History of Pizza				
1	The world's most popular fast food has ancient roots, but it was a royal seal of approval in 1889 that set pizza on the path to global domination.			
2	Pizza is the world's favourite fast food. We eat it everywhere – at home, in restaurants, on street corners. But the story of how the humble pizza came to enjoy such global dominance reveals much about the history of migration, economics and technological change. People have been eating pizza, in one form or another, for centuries.	5		
3	It was only in the late 18th-century Naples that the pizza as we now know it came into being. Under the Bourbon kings, Naples had become one of the largest cities in Europe. Fuelled by overseas trade and a steady invasion of peasants from the countryside, its population ballooned. As the urban economy struggled to keep pace, an ever-greater number of the city's inhabitants fell into poverty. The most abject of these were known as lazzaroni, because their ragged appearance resembled that of Lazarus.	10		
4	Numbering around 50,000 they scraped by on the pittance they earned as porters, messengers or casual labourers. Always rushing about in search of work, they needed food that was cheap and easy to eat. Pizzas met this need. Sold not in shops, but by street vendors carrying huge boxes under their arms, they would be cut to meet the customer's budget or appetite.	15 20		
5	For a long time, pizzas were scorned by food writers. Associated with the crushing poverty of the lazzaroni, they were frequently slandered as 'disgusting', especially by foreign visitors.	20		
6	All that changed after Italian unification. While on a visit to Naples in 1889, King Umberto I and Queen Margherita grew tired of the complicated French dishes they were served for breakfast, lunch and dinner. Hastily summoned to prepare some local specialities for the queen, the pizza chef Raffaele Esposito cooked three sorts of pizza: one with <sup>1</sup> lard, <sup>2</sup> caciocavallo and basil; another with <sup>3</sup> cecenielli; and a third with tomatoes, mozzarella and basil. The queen was delighted. Her favourite – the last of the three – was christened pizza margherita in her honour.	25 30		
7	This signalled an important shift. Margherita's seal of approval not only elevated the pizza from being a food fit only for lazzaroni to being something a royal family could enjoy, but also transformed pizza from a local into a truly national dish. It introduced the notion that pizza was a genuinely Italian food – similar to pasta and polenta.	35		

- 8 By the end of the 19th century, Italian emigrants had already reached the East Coast; and in 1905, the first pizzeria – Lombardi's – was opened in New York City. Soon, pizza became an American institution. Spreading across the country, it was quickly taken up by enterprising restaurateurs (who were often not from an Italian background) and adapted to reflect local tastes, identities 40 and needs.
- 9 From the 1950s onwards, the rapid pace of economic and technological change in the US transformed the pizza even more radically. Two changes are worthy of note. The first was the 'domestication' of pizza. As disposable incomes grew, fridges and freezers became increasingly common and demand for 'convenience' foods grew prompting the development of the frozen pizza. The second change was the 'commercialisation' of pizza. With the growing availability of cars and motorcycles, it became possible to deliver freshly cooked food to customers' doors and pizza was among the first dishes to be served up.
- 10 Today's pizzas are far removed from those of the lazzaroni; and many pizza purists especially in Naples cringe at some of the more outlandish toppings that are now on offer. But pizza is still recognisable as pizza and centuries of social, economic and technological change are baked into every slice.

[Adapted from: <u>https://www.historytoday.com/archive/historians-cookbook/history-pizza</u> Alexander Lee | Published in *History Today Volume 68* Issue 7 July 2018]

#### Glossary

<sup>1</sup>Lard - fat from the abdomen of a pig that is rendered and clarified for use in cooking.

<sup>2</sup>Caciocavallo – a type of stretched-curd cheese made out of sheep's or cow's milk.

<sup>3</sup>Cecenielli – white bait (type of small fish)

1.1 Refer to paragraph one (1).

What does "royal seal of approval" (lines 1–2) mean? (1)

- 1.2 Refer to paragraph two (2).
  - 1.2.1 Quote TWO consecutive words that suggest pizza is favoured all over the world. (1)
  - 1.2.2 Provide a synonym for the word "reveals" (line 5). (1)

55

5 Grade 11

- 1.3 Refer to paragraph three (3).
  - 1.3.1 Choose the correct answer to complete the following sentence.

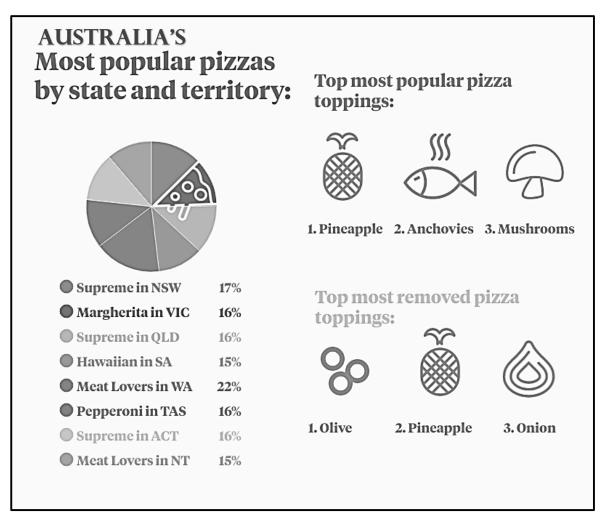
The word "abject" in context means the same as ...

	<ul> <li>A dutiful.</li> <li>B hopeless.</li> <li>C civil.</li> <li>D considerate.</li> </ul>	(1)
	1.3.2 Why were the poor people referred to as the "lazzaroni"?	(1)
1.4	Refer to paragraph four (4).	
	In your own words explain what the term "they scraped by" (line 16) means.	(1)
1.5	Refer to paragraph five (5).	
	Why did food writers criticize pizza for a long time?	(2)
1.6	Refer to paragraph six (6).	
	List the three ingredients Queen Margherita enjoyed the most on her pizza.	(3)
1.7	Refer to paragraph seven (7).	
	In your own words, explain why it is significant that Queen Margherita liked pizza so much. Mention TWO reasons.	(2)
1.8	Refer to paragraph eight (8).	
	1.8.1 Provide a reason why the following statement is FALSE.	
	The reason why pizza became popular in America is because of the American people.	(1)
	1.8.2 What is the author's motivation for including the extra information in line 44?	(2)
1.9	Refer to paragraph nine (9).	
	From the 1950s there were TWO noteworthy changes. In your own words, mention what these two changes were.	(2)

1.11	Discuss the suitability of the title: "A history of pizza".	(2) <b>[24]</b>
	1.10.2 Do you agree with the last statement (lines 57–59) of the concluding paragraph? Motivate your answer.	(2)
	1.10.1 In the context of paragraph 10, what is a "…pizza purist…" (line 56)?	(2)
1.10	Refer to paragraph ten (10).	

AND

#### TEXT B



[Source: https://twitter.com/papaspizzagh1/status/1637862548472045569]

1.12	Why is the Supreme pizza the most popular pizza in Australia? Provide a reason for your answer.	(1)
1.13	What is the least favourite topping?	(1)
1.14	Explain the irony of the pineapple in both categories.	(2)
1.15	In your opinion, do the visuals make the text easier to understand? Provide a reason for your answer.	(2) <b>[6]</b>

#### **TOTAL SECTION A: 30**

# SECTION B: SUMMARY

# **QUESTION 2**

Read TEXT C below and summarise 7 tips on how to live a healthy lifestyle.

# INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Your summary must be written in point form.
- 2. List your SEVEN points in full sentences, using no more than 70 words.
- 3. Number your sentences from 1 to 7.
- 4. Write only ONE point per sentence.
- 5. Use your OWN words as far as possible.
- 6. Indicate the number of words you have used in brackets at the end of your summary.

# TEXT C

Diet and nutrition is the first pillar of health. We eat to live, so we need to eat nourishing, nutritious food. Here are some steps to follow and keep your body healthy.

Drinking plenty of water can help promote weight loss by reducing your food intake, especially if you drink water before a meal. It might also work by increasing fat burning, which can help enhance long-term weight loss. When it comes to losing weight, protein is incredibly important. Studies show that increasing your intake of protein may help keep you full and curb your appetite.

Cardio exercises, such as walking, swimming, or jogging, are also important – both for increasing weight loss and supporting overall health. Another change you can make is to limit your intake of sugar-sweetened beverages, including sodas, fruit juices, chocolate milk, and other drinks with added sugar.

Eating fewer refined carbs may promote weight loss by altering levels of specific hormones that regulate your appetite, such as peptide YY. It's also best to avoid ultra-processed foods. Raised stress levels can also disrupt hormonal balance and trigger emotional eating. Find a method to reduce stress like practicing yoga or spending time outdoors.

According to research from 2016, almost one-third of people's daily energy intake comes from snacking. It is a good idea to prepare healthy homemade snacks that is low in sugar.

[Adapted from: https://www.medicalnewstoday.com/articles/322780#outlook]

**TOTAL SECTION B: 10** 

# Grade ?

# SECTION C: LANGUAGE IN CONTEXT

# **QUESTION 3: ADVERTISEMENT**

Study the advertisement (TEXT D) below and answer the set questions that follow.

# TEXT D



[Source: Roman's Pizza on X:www.twitter.com (@roman's pizza)]

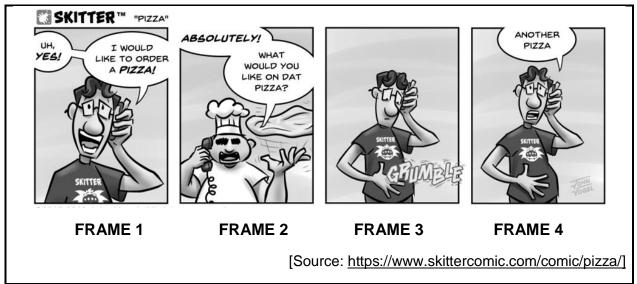
	answer.	(2) [10]
3.7	Does the advert persuade you to buy the advertised product? Motivate your	
3.6	In your own words, explain what is meant by "ALL DAY $\cdot$ EVERYDAY".	(2)
3.5	How do the pictures in the advert relate to the text?	(2)
3.4	Why did the advertiser include the website address?	(1)
3.3	Identify ONE persuasive technique the advertiser used in this advert.	(1)
3.2	What is the slogan for this advert?	(1)
3.1	Identify the target audience for this advertisement.	(1)

# **QUESTION 4: CARTOON**

Read the cartoon (TEXT E) below and answer the set questions.

# TEXT E

4.2



NOTE: The man in frame one (1) is Skitter and the man in frame two (2) is a chef.

4.1 Refer to FRAME 1:

Study the following sentence: Uh, yes!

Identify the part of speech of the underlined word.	(1)
Refer to FRAME 2:	
4.2.1 Correct the spelling mistake in this frame. Write only the correct word.	(1)
4.2.2 Explain, in your own words, how the chef is stereotyped.	(2)

4.3 Refer to FRAME 3: How do we know that Skitter is hungry? Provide TWO visual clues. (2)
4.4 Describe how Skitter's emotion in FRAME 1 is in contrast to his emotion in FRAME 4. (2)
4.5 Does the cartoonist succeed in conveying humour in this cartoon strip? (2) Motivate your answer. (2)

# QUESTION 5: LANGUAGE AND EDITING SKILLS

5.1 Read the passage (TEXT F) below, which has some deliberate errors, and answer the set questions.

#### TEXT F

# National Pizza Day

1 National Pizza Day is a celebration of one of the world's most beloved and iconic foods – pizza!

#### 2 What is National Pizza Day?

*National Pizza Day* is an annual observance dedicated to honouring the deliciousness of pizza. It's a day when people come together to indulge in their favourite pizza flavours and styles. Weather you prefer classic Margherita, pepperoni, veggie, or something more exotic, *National Pizza Day* is the perfect excuse to savour a slice or two.

#### 3 When Does National Pizza Day Occur?

National Pizza Day is celebrated on February 9th each year. This date gives pizza lovers everywhere a reason to rejoice and enjoy they're favourite pizza. It's a day to appreciate the culinary artistry that goes into crafting the perfect pizza.

#### How to Celebrate

- 4 Celebrating *National Pizza Day* is a mouthwatering experience. Here are some ways to join in the festivities:
  - Create Your Own Pizza: Gather your favourite toppings and make your own pizza at home.
  - Order from a Local Pizzeria: Support local busineses by ordering a pizza from your favourite neighbourhood pizzeria or try a new one.
  - Pizza Party: Host a pizza-themed gathering with friends or family. Set up a pizza bar with various toppings and let everyone build their own personalized pizza.

[Adapted from: https://www.awarenessdays.com/awareness-days-calendar/national-pizza-day-2024/]

- 5.1.1 Correct the SINGLE error in EACH of the following sentences. Write down ONLY the question numbers and the words you have corrected.
  - (a) Weather you prefer classic Margherita, pepperoni, veggie, or something more exotic, *National Pizza Day* is the perfect excuse to savour a slice or two.
  - (b) This date gives pizza lovers everywhere a reason to rejoice and enjoy they're favourite pizza.

(1)

(1)

(c) Celebrating *National Pizza Day* is a mouthwatering experience. (1)

	(d)	Support local busineses by ordering a pizza from your favourite neighbourhood pizzeria or try a new one.	(1)
5.1.2	Com	plete the following tag question. Write down only the missing words.	
	Nati	onal Pizza Day is on the 9 <sup>th</sup> of February, …?	(1)
5.1.3	Rewr	ite the following sentence in reported speech:	
	John	said, "I am going to celebrate National Pizza Day."	(3)
5.1.4		bine the following sentences into a single sentence. Use the inctions in brackets.	
		can celebrate National Pizza Day by creating your own pizza. can celebrate National Pizza Day by ordering from a local eria.	
	(eithe	eror)	(2)
5.1.5	Rewr	ite the following sentence in the past continuous tense:	
	l am	eating pizza for breakfast today.	(2)
5.1.6	Ident	ify the parts of speech of the underlined words:	
		p a <u>(a) pizza</u> bar with various toppings and let everyone build their <u>wn</u> personalized pizza.	(2)
			[14]

# TEXT G



[Source: https://www.facebook.com/DominosPizza]

5.2.1	Identify the <b>reason</b> for the use of apostrophe in the word "doesn't".	(1)
5.2.2	Change the word in brackets from a noun to an adverb:	
	Would you (kind) pass me another slice of pizza?	(1)
5.2.3	Give the correct form of the word in brackets:	
	(a) This is the ( <b>bad</b> ) pizza I've ever eaten.	(1)
	(b) This is the ( <b>good</b> ) pizza of the two pizzas.	(1)
5.2.4	Provide a synonym for the underlined word:	
	Peet is a real pizza <u>enthusiast</u> .	(1)
5.2.5	Provide the correct word for "weirdough" as used in TEXT G.	(1)
		[6]
	TOTAL SEC	TION C: 40

GRAND TOTAL:80