

education

Department: Education North West Provincial Government REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

PROVINCIAL ASSESSMENT

GRADE 11

HISTORY P 2

JUNE 2024

MARKS: 100

TIME: 2 hours

This question paper consists of 5 pages and an addendum of 6 pages.

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INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

1. This question paper consists of SECTION A and SECTION B based on the prescribed content framework in the CAPS document.

SECTION A: SOURCE- BASED QUESTION

QUESTION 1: NATIONALISMS – AFRICAN NATIONALISM

SECTION B: ESSAY QUESTION

QUESTION 2: NATIONALISMS – AFRIKANER NATIONALISM

- 2. SECTION A consists of ONE (1) source-based question. Source material that is required to answer this question can be found in the ADDENDUM.
- 3. SECTION B consists of ONE (1) essay question.
- 4. You are required to answer ALL the questions.
- 5. You are advised to spend ONE hour per question.
- 6. When answering questions, you should apply your knowledge, skills and insight.
- 7. You will be disadvantaged by merely rewriting the sources as answers.
- 8. Number the answers correctly according to the numbering system used in this question paper.
- 9. Write neatly and legibly.

SECTION A: SOURCE-BASED QUESTION

Source material to be used to answer this question is contained in the ADDENDUM.

QUESTION 1: HOW DID AFRICAN NATIONALISM CHANGE IN SOUTH AFRICA IN THE PERIOD 1912 - 1948?

- 1.1 Study Source 1A.
 - 1.1.1 What according to the source was the main focus of nationalism? (1 x 1) (1)
 - 1.1.2 Define the concept *Pan Africanism* in your own words. (1 x 2) (2)
 - 1.1.3 How, according to the source, did African nationalism transform the identity of Africans? (1 x 1) (1)
 - 1.1.4 Using the information in the source and your own knowledge explain why you think World War I spurred (encouraged) the rise of nationalism.
 (1 x 2)
 - 1.1.5 In what way did African nationalism differ from Afrikaner nationalism. (1 x 2) (2)
 - 1.1.6 Name the political organisation that aimed to unite all indigenous people of South Africa. (1 x 1) (1)

1.2 Use Source 1B.

- 1.2.1 What, according to the source, were the THREE reasons for the formation of the South African Native National Congress (SANNC)? (3 x 1) (3)
- 1.2.2 According to the source, what was the cause of the South African War (1899 to 1902)?(1 x 2)
- 1.2.3 Explain why you think Africans opposed the formation of the Union of South Africa? (2 x 2) (4)
- 1.2.4 Using the information in the source and your own knowledge, comment on how African nationalists expressed their opposition to the formation of the Union of South Africa. (1 x 2) (2)
- 1.2.5 Identify TWO leaders of the SANNC in the source. (2×1) (2)
- 1.3 Study Source 1C.
 - 1.3.1 Why do you think this poster was advertised in 1921? (1×2) (2)

(2)

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- 1.3.2 Comment on the usefulness of this poster to a historian studying African nationalism. (2 x 2) (4)

Read source 1D. 1.4

- 1.4.1 Quote evidence from the source which suggests that the ANC changed in the 1940s. (1 x 2) (2)
- Explain the concept *racism* in the context of South Africa.(1 x 2) 1.4.2 (2)
- 1.4.3 Comment on why you think African organisations co-operated with each other in the 1940s. (2 x 2) (4)
- Using the information in the source and your own knowledge, 1.4.4 explain why nationalists changed their tactics in the late 1940s.
 - (1 x 2) (2)

1.5 Compare Sources 1B and 1D. Comment on how Source 1B differs from Source 1D regarding the leadership of the ANC? (2 x 2) (4)

1.6 Using the information in the relevant sources and your own knowledge, write a paragraph of about EIGHT lines (about 80 words) explaining how African nationalism changed in South Africa in the period 1912 – 1948. (8) TOTAL [50]

SECTION B: ESSAY QUESTION

Your essay should be about THREE pages long.

QUESTION 2: NATIONALISM - AFRIKANER NATIONALISM

Revisionist historians are of the view that Afrikaner Nationalism was deliberately constructed during the twentieth century to serve the needs of a small elite group of Afrikaners.

Do you agree with this statement? Substantiate your argument by making reference to the rise of Afrikaner nationalism in South Africa from 1924 to 1948. **[50]**

TOTAL: 100